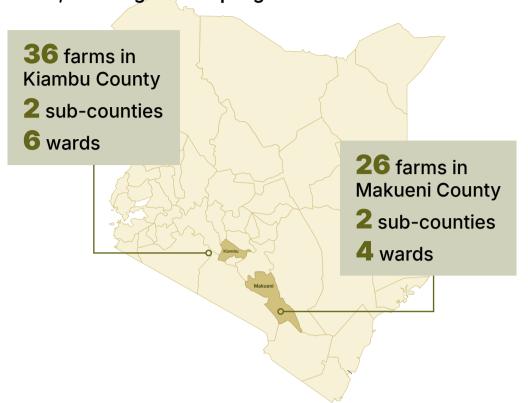
Species diversity and carbon storage in fruit trees on farms in Kiambu and Makueni counties, Kenya

Location and inventory

Trees, seedlings and saplings recorded on:



Proportion of fruit trees on farms

98 tree species with 1,893 individuals documented on cultivated farms in Makueni

47% of all tree species are native to Africa, but make up only 10% of the individuals

82 tree species with **2,488** individuals documented in Kiambu

 62% of the species are native to Africa, and make up 30% of the individuals documented

- 41 fruit tree species with
- 811 individuals in Makueni
- 31 fruit tree species with
- 846 individuals in Kiambu

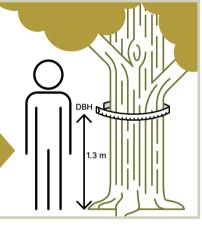


- Based on destructive sampling of 50 mango, 41 avocado trees for above ground biomass (AGB) estimation
- Uses diameter at breast height (DBH) or the mean diameter of primary branches per tree (μDPB)



Measuring DPB in mango AGB = $0.083 \times \mu DPB^2.184$

Measuring DBH in avocado AGB = 0.0648 × DBH^2.5435



Carbon storage

Fruit trees store a significant amount of carbon (C), on average

10.5±2.9 t C ha⁻¹ in mango, and

9.7±2.5 t C ha⁻¹in avocado

Tree inventory

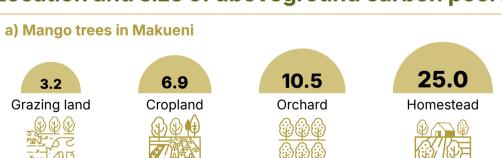


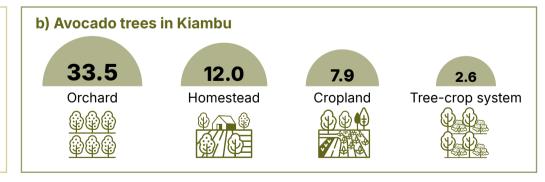
230 mango trees measured on 23 farms with a total area of 3.1 ha in Makueni



466 avocado trees measured on 36 farms with a total area of 14.42 ha

Location and size of aboveground carbon pool in tonnes per hectare (t C ha⁻¹) on cultivated farms





Disclaimer

Farmers in Kiambu and Makueni offered the avocado and mango trees harvested for developing allometric equations, and in return were provided with fruit tree seedlings.

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CIFOR-ICRAF

The Center for International Forestry Research (CIFOR) and World Agroforestry (ICRAF) envision a more equitable world where trees in all landscapes, from drylands to the humid tropics, enhance the environment and well-being for all. CIFOR and ICRAF are CGIAR Research Centers.

